

Safety Demonstrator Series for an In-Time Aviation Safety Management System

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SWS Overview & TC5



Operational Safety (Thrust 5)

TC-1:
*Predictive
Terminal Area
Risk
Assessment*

TC-2: *IASMS
SFCs for
Emerging
Operations*

Safety Demonstrator Series
Operational demonstration of and recommendations for requirements and standards necessary to monitor, assess, and mitigate risks to assure safety in disaster-oriented operations.

Current Day

Near Future

Transformed

TC-3: *V&V for
Commercial
Operations*

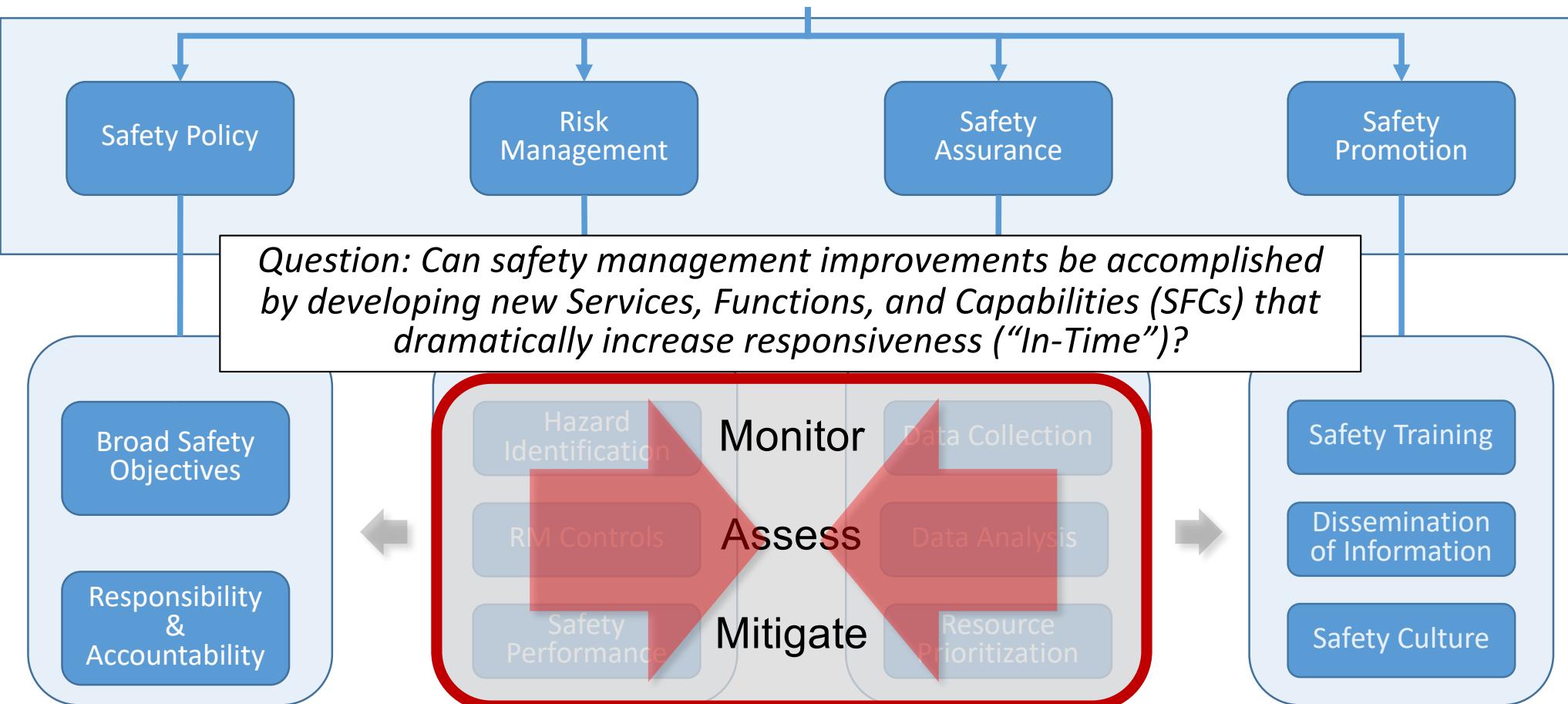
TC-4:
*Complex
Autonomous
Systems
Assurance*

TC-5: Safety
Demonstrator
Series for
Operational
IASMS



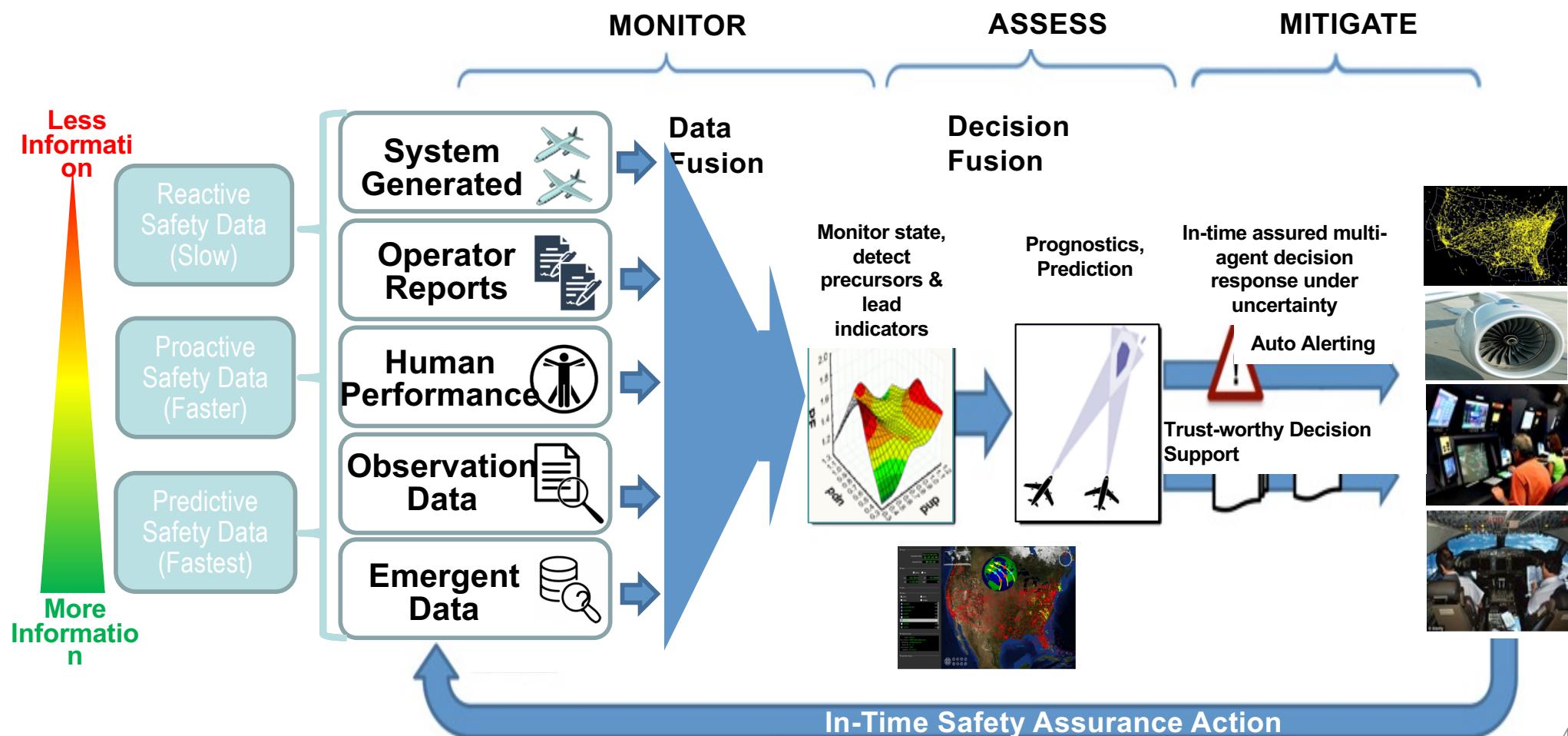
Design Safety (Thrust 6)

In-Time Aviation Safety Management (IASMS)



Ref: National Academies, In-Time Aviation Safety Management: Challenges and Research for an Evolving Aviation System, 2018.

SMS Path to the Future: IASMS





Scheduled Progression

SD-1 (FY 25)



SD-2 (FY 27)



SD-3 (FY 28)



SD-4 (FY 30)

Wildfire Fighting

- ! HIGH Rural and partially evacuated area
- ⊕ LOW-MODERATE Intensive HMI and lack of commercial flights
- ? LOW-MODERATE Unknown location of fire; poor visibility

Environment:
Low Visibility, Smoke...

Vehicle & Mission:
sUAS, mid-size UAS/
Short Range



Human Role:
High

Hurricane Relief and Recovery

- ! MED Partially evacuated area
- ⊕ MODERATE Numerous agencies coordinating multiple relief efforts
- ? MODERATE-HIGH Unknown state of terrain; poor infrastructure

Environment:
Low Visibility, RF/EMF Hazards, Poor Weather...

Vehicle & Mission:
sUAS, mid-size UAS, large UAS/
Multiple Days



Human Role:
Medium

Emergency Medical

- ! LOW Urban area
- ⊕ MODERATE Regularly scheduled commercial flights
- ? MODERATE All weather operations

Environment:
Urban Airspace, RF/EMF Hazards...

Vehicle & Mission:
sUAS, mid-size UAS, large UAS/
Short to Long Range



Human Role:
Low

Urban Disaster Relief

- ! LOW Urban area
- ⊕ HIGH -----
- ? HIGH -----

Environment:
Degraded Infrastructure, RF/EMF Hazards...

Vehicle & Mission:
sUAS, mid-size UAS, large UAS/
Multiple Days



Human Role:
Multiple Simultaneous
HMI paradigms

! Risk Tolerance

⊕ Complexity

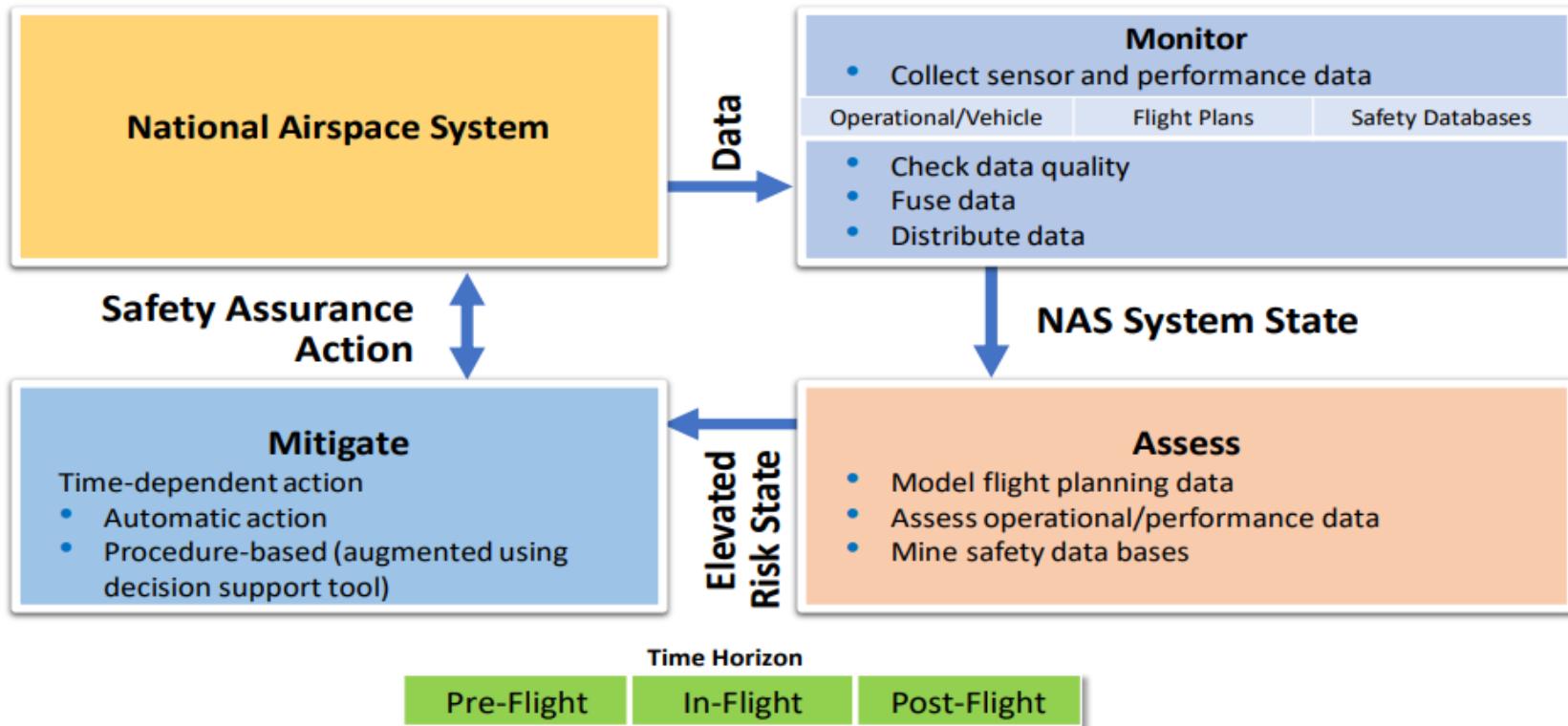
? Uncertainty



ConOps and Information Flow



Services and Functions enabling new Capabilities

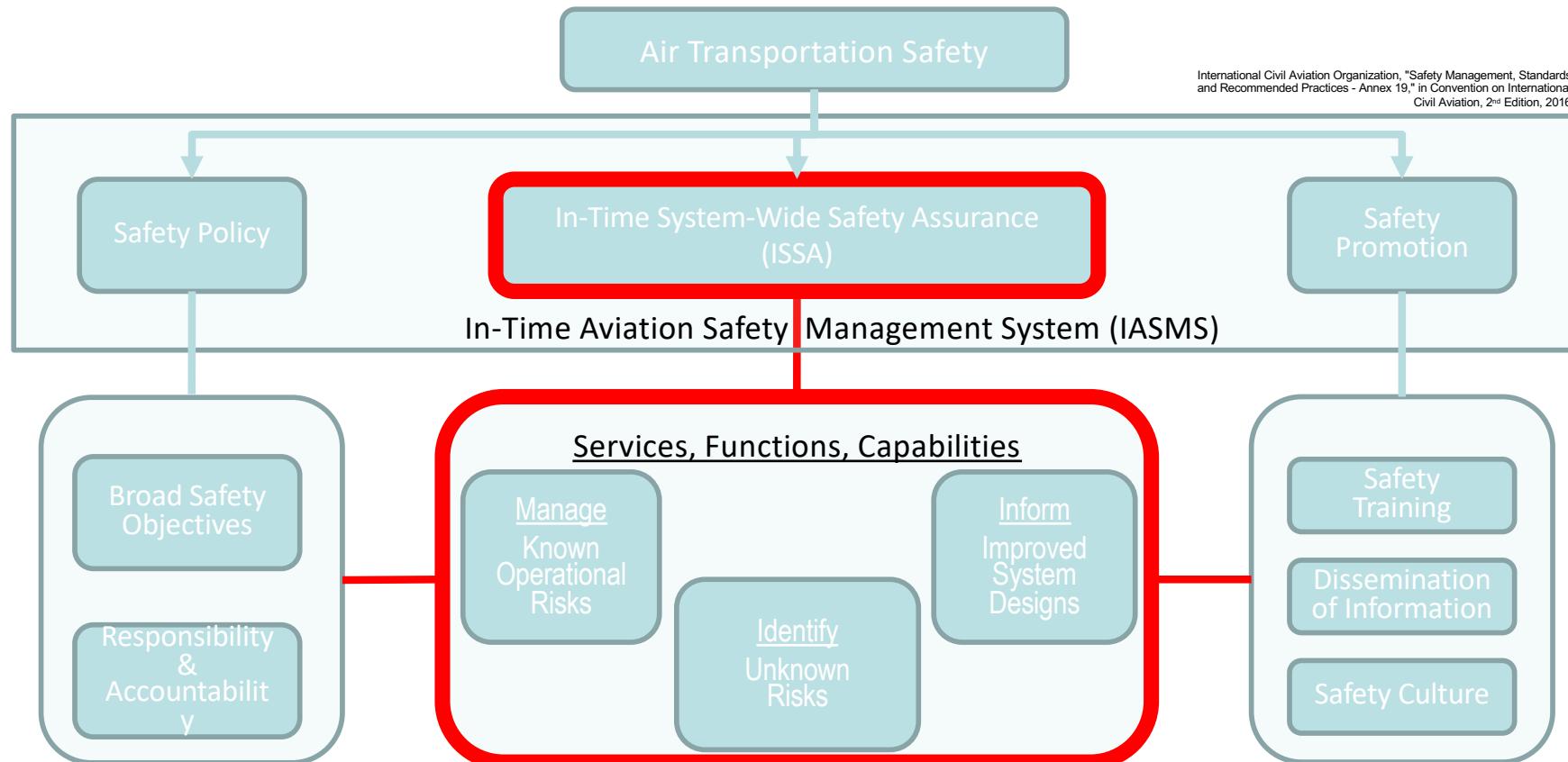


Ref: [20] Ellis, K., et. al., "A Concept of Operations (ConOps) of an In-time Aviation Safety Management System (IASMS) for Advanced Air Mobility (AAM)," AIAA SciTech 2021.

How We Achieve Aviation Safety Tomorrow



International Civil Aviation Organization, "Safety Management, Standards and Recommended Practices - Annex 19," in Convention on International Civil Aviation, 2nd Edition, 2016



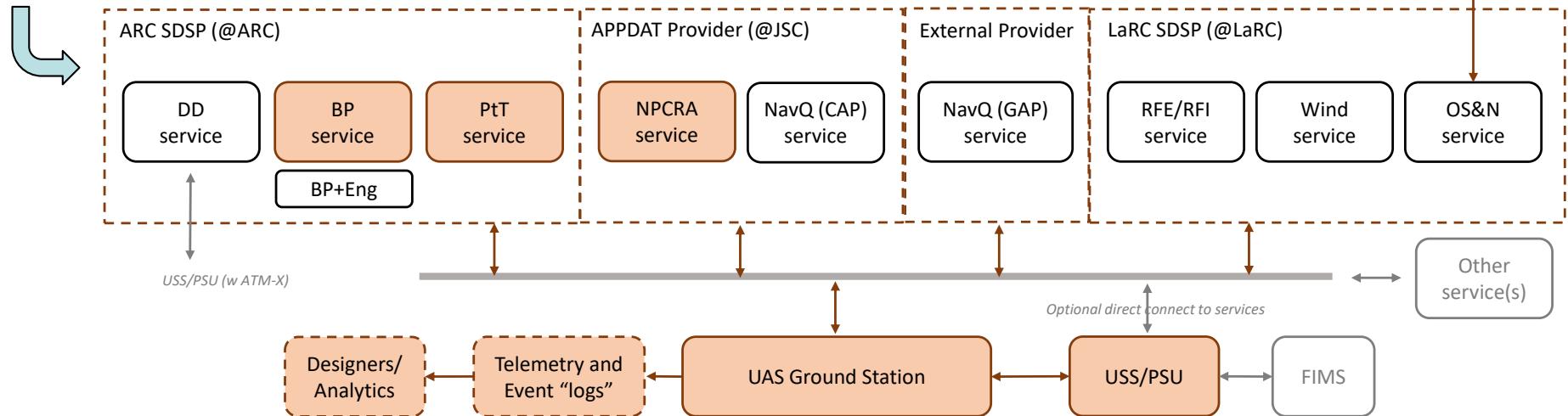
(1) Quickly manage known operational risks at scale; (2) Quickly identify unknown risks; (3) Quickly inform design

Test and Demonstration System



Services and Supplemental Data Service Providers (SDSPs)

See backup chart for service name acronym list



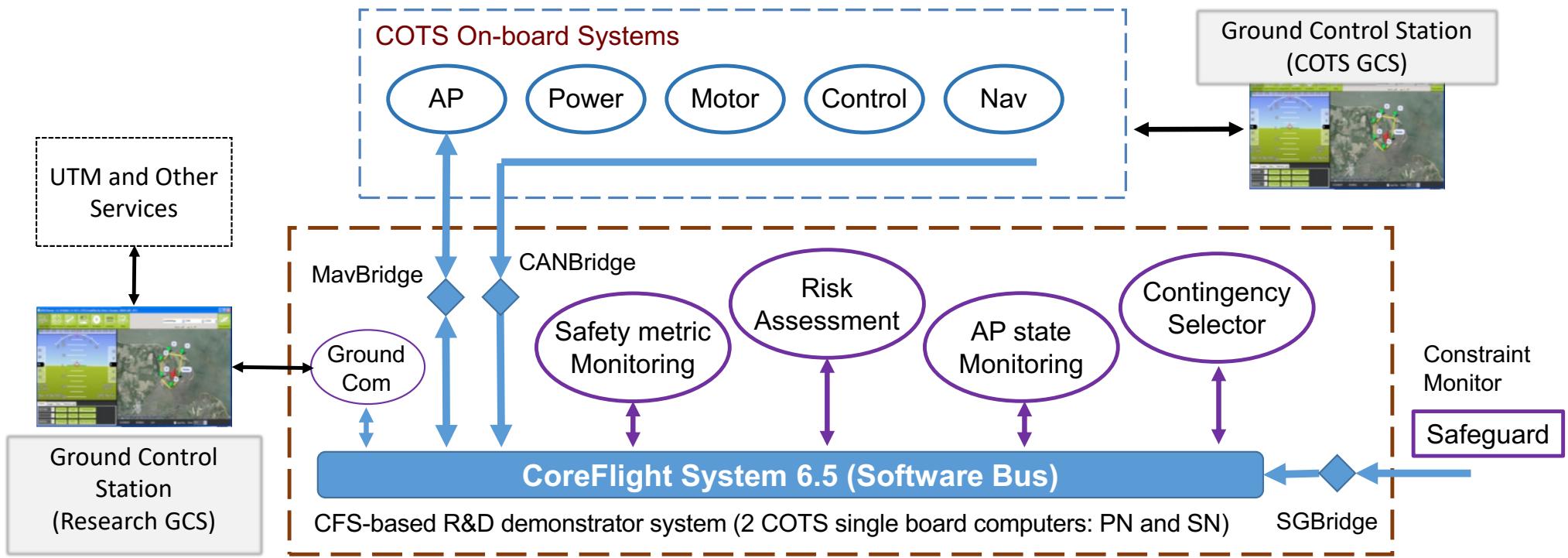
Evaluations:

- >20 developmental SFCs; 4 SDSPs
- Design assurance framework
- Information exchange performance and protocols

Part of Phase 1 and 2 testing

Added for Phase 2 testing

Vehicle System



AP – Autopilot; CFS – CoreFlight System; PN – Primary Node; SN – Secondary Node

AIAA Aviation 2022 Forum Papers



Session ATS-07

(Young) "Flight Testing of In-Time Safety Assurance Technologies for UAS Operations"

(Ancel) "Design/Testing of an Approach to Automated In-Flight Safety Risk Management for sUAS Ops"

(Banerjee) "Probability of Obstacle Collision for UAVs in Presence of Wind"

(Gutierrez) "A High-Perf. Computing GNSS-Aware Path Planning Algorithm for Safe Urban Flight Ops"

Session ATS-09

(Neogi) "Establishing the Assurance Efficacy of Automated Risk Mitigation Strategies"

(plus 4 papers by our partners doing work leading to 2023+ evaluations)

George Washington University; MIT Lincoln Labs; University of Texas (Austin); Vanderbilt University; University of Notre Dame; Iowa State University; Virginia Commonwealth University; and the National Institute of Standards and Technology

Other

(Feldman) "Developing a Dashboard Interface to Display Assessment of Hazards/Risks to sUAS flights"

(Spirkovska) "Urban Air Mobility Airspace Dynamic Density"

Service Name Acronyms (see chart 13)



DD – Dynamic Density service, a service supporting air traffic management safety by tracking (and forecasting) metrics associated with air traffic density for selected airspace volumes.

BP – Battery Prognostics service, a service that tracks and predicts state-of-charge and remaining useful life of onboard power source(s).

PtT – Proximity to Threat service, a service that tracks and predicts proximity (and safety margins) for high-risk areas near the flight path (e.g., the perimeter of vertical structures).

NavQ CAP – Navigation Quality Corridor Assessment of Positioning service, a service that provides estimates of navigation-related performance measures along a user-specified flight corridor and time window.

NavQ GAP – Navigation Quality Geometric Assessment of Positioning service, a service that provides estimates of navigation-related performance measures over a user-specified coverage and time window.

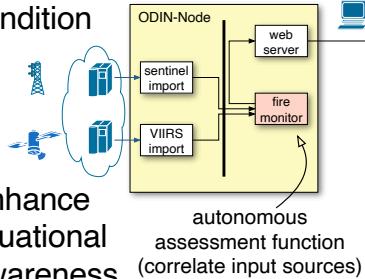
RFE/RFI – RF Environment and RF Interference service, a service that provides estimates of RF-related performance measures over a user-specified coverage area and forecast period.

Information Flow Monitoring

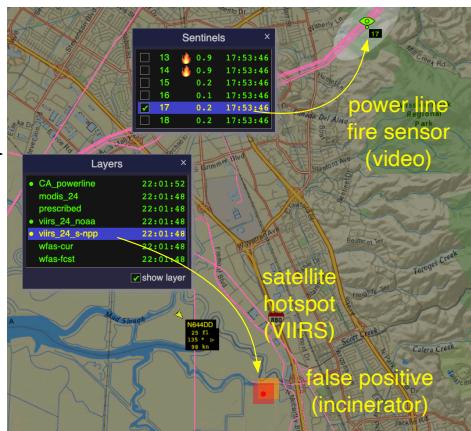


Motivation and Objectives

- 1) Monitor for adverse condition

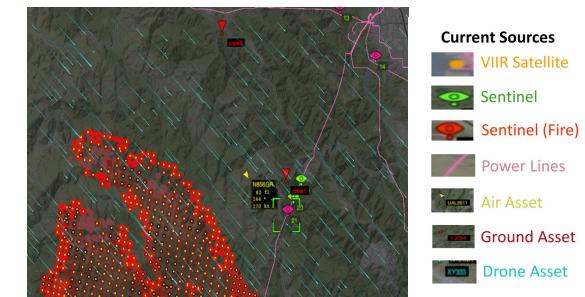


- 2) Enhance situational awareness



Progress, Status, and Highlights

- Developed sample probabilistic properties and formalizations
- Developing a registry of Wildfire Fighting Data Sources
- Delphire, a small company developing powerline sensors, incorporated ODIN into their presentation to NWCG TFRSAC; preparing for proposal to CalFire.



Approach

1) Monitor for conditions

- Develop monitorable properties of the wildland firefighting domain
 - Probabilistic properties too
- Enhance the FRET requirements tool to be able to express them
- Generate CoPilot real-time monitors

2) Configurable dynamic display of multiple data sources

- Online Data Integration (ODIN): Just need a browser
- Data sources such as fire/smoke detectors on powerlines, satellite heat data, 3-d buildings, terrain, air traffic, assets, fire spreading models, weather (wind, ...) ...
- Data age indication on single display

Milestones, Deliverables and Impact

1) Monitor

- Notations for expressing probabilistic properties, literature review (08/30/2022)
- Develop probabilistic properties relevant to the firefighting domain (06/30/2022)
- Prototype probabilistic property spec lang (12/31/2022)

2) ODIN

- Identify wildfire fighting data sources (07/31/2022)
- Identify network capabilities (12/31/2022)
- Identify monitoring requirements (12/31/2022)